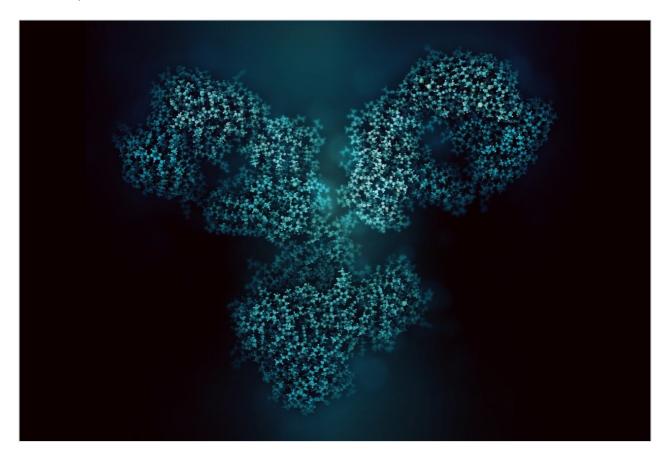
# Waters™

응용 자료

A Streamlined Data Dependent Acquisition (DDA) Peptide Mapping Workflow for Characterizing Therapeutic Proteins Using the Biopharmaceutical Platform Solution with UNIFI

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#### **Abstract**

The results presented here demonstrate the dedicated DDA peptide mapping workflow within the Biopharmaceutical Platform Solution with UNIFI. The workflow allows seamless integration of data acquisition, processing, and reporting. Combining the FastDDA acquisition method and the high MS and MS/MS sensitivity provided by the Xevo G2-XS QTof, the UPLC/DDA workflow successfully yields high sequence coverage of the mAbs, and confirms the low level spiked-in peptide at 0.1% level and identifies low level modifications like deamidation and oxidation.

#### **Benefits**

The Biopharmaceutical Platform Solution with UNIFI provides a DDA workflow for peptide mapping analysis, including FastDDA acquisition, data processing, and automatic report generating. This workflow enables the capability of targeted fragmentation, detailed PTM characterization, and confident sequence confirmation, even for peptides present at low concentrations.

#### Introduction

LC-MS/MS using data dependent acquisition (DDA) has been widely used to qualitatively characterize therapeutic protein digests. It is used to confirm the primary sequence of proteins and characterize their post-translational modifications (PTMs), such as oxidation, deamidation, and glycation. However, it's also well recognized that this approach has a number of limitations, including under-sampling, a lack of reproducibility, and a lack of in-sample dynamic range. To address this, Waters offers a DDA algorithm called FastDDA. FastDDA is proven to deliver more consistent results between injections and provides greater sequence coverage of proteins.<sup>1</sup>

The Biopharmaceutical Platform Solution with UNIFI provides a dedicated DDA peptide mapping workflow, which streamlines data acquisition, processing, and report generation. This streamlined workflow enables an efficient way to analyze a large batch of samples and compile complex results into a comprehensive report.

Here, we illustrate this workflow using a trastuzumab tryptic digest mixture, which has been spiked with a standard peptide leucine enkephalin at 0.1% level. The platform used for this study is comprised of an ACQUITY UPLC H-Class Bio System and an ACQUITY UPLC Tunable UV (TUV) Detector in-line with a Xevo

G2-XS QTof Mass Spectrometer. The Xevo G2-XS QTof combines StepWave ion optics with an XS collision cell, and significantly increases MS and MS/MS sensitivity without reduction in selectivity.<sup>2,3</sup>

In this study, we evaluate the MS and MS/MS data quality, especially for low abundant peptides, and the reproducibility of the FastDDA method. In addition, we demonstrate the informatics tools within the UNIFI Scientific Information System that enable efficient reviewing and reporting of the DDA peptide mapping data.

# Experimental

#### LC conditions

LC system: ACQUITY UPLC H-Class Bio Detector: ACQUITY UPLC TUV ACQUITY UPLC BEH  $C_{18}$ , 300Å, 1.7  $\mu$ m, 2.1  $\times$  100 Column: mm (p/n 186003686) 65 °C Column temp.: Mobile phase A: 0.1% formic acid in water 0.1% formic acid in acetonitrile Mobile phase B: Optical detection: UV 214 nm Injection volume: 5 μL

## LC gradient table:

Time(min)	Flow(mL/m	ir%A	%B	%C	%D	Curve
Initial	0.20	95	5	0	0	6

Time(min)	Flow(mL/m	ir%A	%B	%C	%D	Curve
2	0.20	95	5	0	0	6
40	0.20	57	43	0	0	6
42	0.20	20	80	0	0	6
45	0.20	20	80	0	0	6
46	0.20	95	5	0	0	6
60	0.20	95	5	0	0	6

#### MS conditions

MS system:	Xevo G2-XS QTof
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Capillary voltage: 3.0 kV

Sampling cone: 30 V

Source temp.: 120 °C

Desolvation temp.: 250 °C

Cone gas flow: 0 L/h

Desolvation gas flow: 600 L/h

Acquisition mode: FastDDA

Mass range (MS and MS/MS): 100-2000 m/z

MS scan time: 0.2 sec

MS/MS scan time: 0.1 sec

Peak detection: +1, +2, +3, +4, +5, +6

Max. # MS/MS scans/survey: 5

Dynamic peak exclusion: Acquire and then exclude for 8 sec ( $\pm$  1.1 Da)

Collision energy: m/z dependent ramp applied for low and high

mass

Stop MS/MS criteria: TIC 5e<sup>8</sup> or 0.4 sec

Lockmass used: 100 fmol/µL of glu-fibrinopeptide B in ([M+2H]

<sup>2+</sup>, 785.8426)

#### Data management

UNIFI Scientific Information System v1.8

Analysis type: Peptide map (DDA)

Search settings: 1 allowed missed cleavage; carbamidomethyl

cysteine (C) is selected as a fix modification; asparagine (N) deamidation and methionine (M)

oxidation are set as variable modifications.

#### Sample preparation

Trastuzumab (1 mg/mL) was denatured in 6.5 M guanidine chloride, 0.25 M tris, pH 7.5. The denatured antibody solution was mixed with 500 mM DTT to a final concentration of 3 mM and incubated at room temperature for 45 minutes, and then alkylated by adding 500 mM iodoacetamide stock solution to a final concentration of 7 mM incubated at room temperature in the dark for 40 minutes. Buffer exchange (0.1 M tris, pH 7.5) was performed with a NAP-5 column (GE Healthcare). Sequencing grade modified trypsin was added to each sample (enzyme to protein ratio 1:25, w/w) and incubated at 37 °C for 5 hours. The digested peptide

mixture was diluted to 0.45 pmol/ $\mu$ L. Leucine enkephalin (LeuEnk) was added to the mixture at final concentration of 5 fmol/ $\mu$ L. The injection volume for each LC-MS run was 5.0  $\mu$ L (2.25 pmol on column per injection).

#### Results and Discussion

Trastuzumab tryptic digest mixture spiked with LeuEnk was analyzed in triplicate runs by the automated UPLC/DDA peptide mapping workflow within the Biopharmaceutical Platform Solution with UNIFI. To evaluate the system's ability to obtain high quality MS/MS data from the low abundant peptides in the peptide mixtures using the FastDDA methods, LeuEnk was added at 0.1% level. The maximum number of MS/MS scans was set as five, which proved to be sufficient for confirming the sequence of the target protein. The exclusion window was set to allow an average of two scans across one chromatographic peak. The charge state reorganization algorithm was used to select 1+ to 6+ ions for fragmentation. In a single run, we observed 95% sequence coverage for light chain and 94% for heavy chain.

Reproducible results were observed in triplicate runs as shown in Figure 1A. The protein sequence coverage map can be displayed for the protein of choice. Criteria for the peptide confirmation can be manually defined by the user based on the purpose of the analysis. The criteria for assigning the identified peptides for current analysis are (1) %matched primary ions is larger than 30%, and (2) mass error on peptide mass is less than 10 ppm. In Figure 1B, confirmed sequences are shown in blue shades. In addition, N-terminal and C-terminal fragments (b/y ions) observed can be displayed on the coverage map as blue (on the top) and red (at the bottom) lines on the sequence map respectively.

Sequence coverage Light chain Heavy chain		e Rur	n 1	Run 2		Run 3 95% 94%	
		95	%	95%			
		94	%	94%			
В)							
rastuzumab							
	,						
Identified: 949	6						
1: 1 to 50	DIOMTOSPSS	LSASVGDRVI	ITCRAS	ODVN TAVAWY	OOKP GKAPK	LIYS	
1: 51 to 100	CTVVETVETV	AAPSVETEPP	SDEOLK	SCTA SVACILI	NEY PREAK	VOLIVV	
1: 101 to 150	DNALOSCNSO	ESVTEODSKD	STYSIS	STLT LSKADY		VTHOG	
1: 151 to 200	I SSPVTKSEN	RGEC	211212	SILI LORAVI	MIK VIACL	VIIIOG	
1: 201 to 214	<u> </u>	11000					
2: 1 to 50	EVOLVESGGG	LVQPGGSLRL	SCAASG	FNIK DIYIHW	RQA PGKGL	EWVAR	
2: 51 to 100	I <u>YPTNGYTR</u> Y	<u>ADSVK</u> GRFTI	SADTSK	NTAY LOMNSLI	RAED TAVYY	CSRWG	
2: 101 to 150	GDGFYAMDYW	GOGTLVTVSS	ASTKGP	SVEP LAPSSK	ISG GTAAL	GCLVK	
2: 151 to 200	DYFPEPVIVS	WNSGALTSGV	HTFPAV	LQSS GLYSLS	VPSSS VPSSS	LGTQT	
2: 201 to 250	YICNVNHKPS	NTKVDKKVEP	KSCDKT	HTCP PCPAPE	LGG PSVFL	FPPKP	
2: 251 to 300	KD <u>TLMISR</u> TP	EVTCVVVDVS	HEDPEV	KFNW YVDGVE	/HNA KTKPR	EEOYN	
2: 301 to 350	STYRVVSVLT	VLHODWLNGK	EYKCKV		KAKGQ	PREPO	
2: 351 to 400	VYTLPPSKEE	MIKNOVSLIC	LVKGFY	PSDI AVEWESI	the state of the s	I IPPV	
2: 401 to 449	LUSUGSFFLY	<u>SKLTVDK</u> SRW	QUGNVF	SCSV MHEALH	<u>IHYT</u> <u>OKSLS</u>	LSPG	
Chain 1 (95%	coverage)						
Cugiii T (33%	coverage)						

Figure 1. A) Sequence coverage comparison in three consecutive runs. B) Sequence coverage map by FastDDA for trastuzumab, provided in UNIFI Scientific Information System, b/y ions observed are also labeled on the map. Blue underline indicates b ions and red underline indicates y ions. The criteria for assigning the identified peptides are (1) %matched primary ions is larger than 30%, and (2) mass error is less than 10 ppm. %matched primary ions = matched primary ions/total number of possible primary ions.

LeuEnk peptide, spiked in the sample at 0.1% level, was identified in all three replicate runs with high quality MS/MS data. The annotated DDA spectrum of LeuEnk and extracted ion chromatogram (XIC) of each run is shown in Figure 2A. In addition, peptide modifications present in low abundance were identified with high confidence in this experiment.

One example of a low abundant 2:T10 peptide (heavy chain, the 10th tryptic peptides from N-terminus) with methionine oxidation was identified at 0.09% level (Figure 2B). Percentage modification can be calculated

from peak areas of XICs of non-modified 2:T10 and oxidized 2:T10. Improved instrument speed and sensitivity allows high quality MS/MS spectra, as well as sufficient data points across chromatographic elution peaks. XIC of each component can be displayed in the Review panel (Figure 2B). Fragmentation spectra with the matched b/y ions are shown on the right in the Fragmentation Viewer.

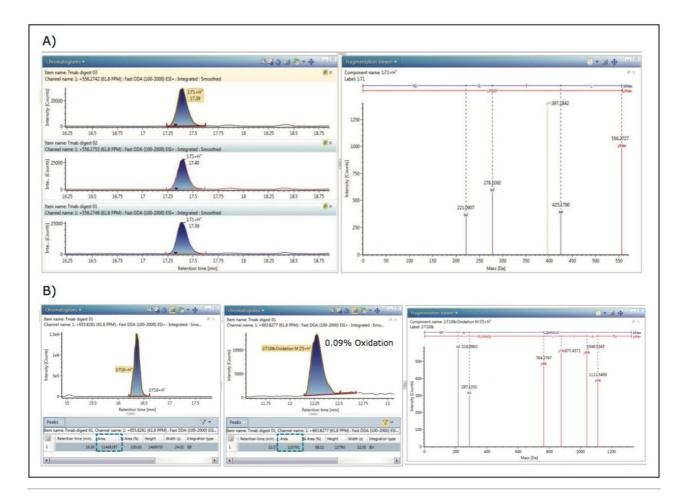


Figure 2. Peptides present at low abundance were identified with high confidence using the FastDDA method. A) LeuEnk was identified in all three injections at 0.1% level (25 fmol load on column). XIC of each run is shown on the left and the annotated MS/MS spectrum is shown on the right. B) XICs of non-modified 2:T10 and oxidized 2:T10, with peak areas shown in the table below. The annotated MS/MS spectrum of oxidized 2:T10 is displayed in the Fragmentation Viewer.

UNIFI Scientific Information System provides a sensible DDA peptide mapping workflow for automatic DDA, data processing, and report generating. In this workflow, peptides are assigned by accurate mass from the precursors, confirmed with MS/MS fragmentation. The assignment was given to the best matched peptides, or modified peptides generated by in silico digests of proteins defined within the method.

Figure 3 shows the analysis center for the processed results of the DDA peptide mapping data. The Component Summary table at the top of the screen capture shows key attributes from chromatography and mass spectrometry on the identified peptides. On the bottom left, chromatograms of MS and five MS/MS channels are shown. The entire identified components label can be added on all the chromatograms. On the bottom right, the centroid spectra of the MS precursor and MS/MS products are shown to provide a convenient way for on-the-fly spectra review of every identified component.



Figure 3. Review panel of the processed peptide mapping DDA data.

It is important to note that the software is able to automatically assign the specific location of the modifier on the peptide sequence, based on fragmentation pattern. For example, in Figure 4, 1:T3 peptide (the 3<sup>rd</sup> tryptic peptide from N-terminus) from light chain and its deaminated forms (isoaspartic acid and aspartic acid) were identified with high quality MS/MS spectra; 1:T3&Deamidation N [6] at the top of the fragment display indicates the modification occurs at the sixth amino acid position.<sup>4</sup>



Figure 4. XIC of 1:T3 and deamidation (N) peaks of 1:T3 both the isoaspartic acid and aspartic acid forms are shown on the left, while the corresponding MS/MS spectra of the identified components are displayed on the right.

Reporting templates are available for the UPLC/DDA peptide mapping workflow. Figure 5 provides a snapshot of a typical DDA peptide mapping report; information such as acquisition and sample information, sequence coverage map, identified component plots, and fragmentation viewer, can be organized within a single report format. The object properties, as well as the whole report template, are configurable by the user. Multiple report templates can be executed for an analysis to answer multiple scientific questions in an efficient format.

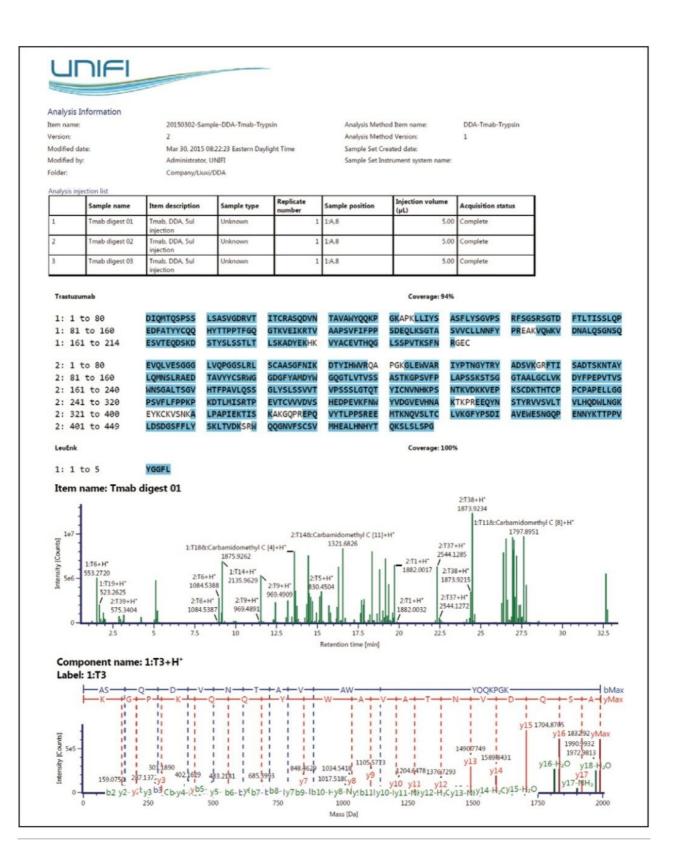


Figure 5. Example of a DDA peptide mapping report.

## Conclusion

The results presented here demonstrate the dedicated DDA peptide mapping workflow within the Biopharmaceutical Platform Solution with UNIFI. The workflow allows seamless integration of data acquisition, processing, and reporting. Combining the FastDDA acquisition method and the high MS and MS/MS sensitivity provided by the Xevo G2-XS QTof, the UPLC/DDA workflow successfully yields high sequence coverage of the mAbs, and confirms the low level spiked-in peptide at 0.1% level and identifies low level modifications like deamidation and oxidation.

The ability to integrate and automate the DDA peptide mapping workflow greatly reduces the time between data collection and drug development decision-making, subsequently improving the efficiency of laboratories that are challenged with interpreting complex peptide mapping results.

#### References

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