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#### 應用手冊

# New Capabilities for Monitoring Released N-Glycans through the Combined Use of *Rapi* Fluor-MS Labeling, ACQUITY UPLC H-Class Bio System, and Serial Fluorescence/ACQUITY QDa Mass Detection

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# Abstract

Glycosylation is a complex and critical aspect of most therapeutic proteins that must be well characterized and monitored throughout product development and commercialization. *Rapi*Fluor-MS can be used to dramatically reduce sample preparation times and complexity, to enhance FLR sensitivity, and to dramatically improve MS sensitivity.

In this application note, we present the combined use of *Rapi*Fluor-MS labeling reagent, ACQUITY UPLC H-Class Bio System, and serial fluorescence/ACQUITY QDa Mass Detector for the monitoring of released N-glycan profiles from IgGs. Overall, this new workflow allows scientists to rapidly prepare samples, from glycoprotein to analysis in 30 minutes.

## Benefits

- · Reduce sample preparation times for released N-glycan analyses
- Increase confidence in glycan monitoring by routinely obtaining mass information and fluorescence for every peak

# Introduction

During the development of biopharmaceuticals, it is important to characterize and monitor glycoprofiles as they are often implicated as a product critical quality attributes due to their impact on safety, efficacy, and potency among other factors. It is well accepted that structural characterization of the glycoforms present is necessary, and that mass spectrometry (MS) often plays a large role in the identification of glycans.

Often, once the profile has been established, methods are transferred downstream which incorporate fluorescence detection. In many cases, there is a desire to obtain mass information for each detected peak even after characterization. These data have been difficult to obtain for a number of reasons, including a scarcity of mass spectrometers due to their cost and the requirement that MS specialized analysts are needed to generate meaningful and useful data.

In this application note, we present the combined use of *Rapi* Fluor-MS labeling reagent, ACQUITY UPLC H-Class Bio System, and serial fluorescence/ACQUITY QDa Mass Detector for the monitoring of released N-glycan profiles from IgGs. Overall, this new workflow allows scientists to rapidly prepare samples, from glycoprotein to analysis in 30 minutes.

In addition, *Rapi* Fluor-MS labeling yields unprecendented MS response,<sup>1</sup> which enables the use of the ACQUITY QDa for mass detection. We will discuss the improved sensitivity and charge state profile afforded by *Rapi* Fluor-MS, its general utility for fluorescence and mass detection, and the quality of ACQUITY QDa mass spectra obtained for a range of IgG glycan structures.

# Experimental

# LC conditions

LC system:	ACQUITY UPLC H-Class Bio
Detectors:	ACQUITY UPLC FLR and ACQUITY QDa Mass Detector
Column:	ACQUITY UPLC Glycan BEH Amide, 130Å, 1.7 μm, 2.1 x 150 mm (p/n 186004742)
Column temp.:	60 °C
Sample temp.:	10 °C
Injection volume:	2 μL

# FLR settings

Data rate:	5 points/sec
Excitation wavelength:	265 nm
Emission wavelength:	425 nm
QDa settings	
Sample rate:	5 points/sec
Mass range:	500–1250 Da
Cone voltage:	15 V

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Capillary voltage:	1.5 kV
Probe temp.:	500 °C
Ionization mode:	ESI+
Mobile phase A:	Acetonitrile (Pierce, LC-MS Grade)
Mobile phase B:	50 mM ammonium formate, pH 4.4, (LC-MS grade, Waters Ammonium Formate Concentrate)
Mobile phase C:	Acetonitrile (LC-MS grade)
Mobile phase D:	Acetonitrile (LC-MS grade)

Time	Flow	%A	%B	%C	%D
	rate(mL/min)				
Initial	0.400	75	25	0	0
35.0	0.400	54	46	0	0
36.5	0.200	0	100	0	0
39.5	0.200	0	100	0	0
42.5	0.200	75	25	0	0
47.4	0.400	75	25	0	0

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Time	Flow	%A	%В	%C	%D	
	rate(mL/min)					
55.0	0.400	75	25	0	0	

SYNAPT G2-S was used for assessment of *Rapi* Fluor-MS versus 2-AB N-glycan charge states. See Reference 1 for experimental details.

The *Rapi* Fluor-MS Glycan Performance Test Standard (p/n 186007983) was reconstituted in 25 µL of a mixture of DMF/acetonitrile/water at a ratio of 22.5%:55.5%:22%, respectively and used directly. For each analysis the injection volume was 2 µL, which corresponds to 32 pmol of released and labeled N-glycan on column. LC/MS-grade acetonitrile and water were purchased from Pierce. Ammonium formate was prepared using Waters Ammonium Formate Solution-Glycan Analysis (p/n 18600708) by pouring the entire contents of the solution into 1 L of water and mixed. The UPLC System used was dedicated for applications which do not require non-volatile salts to reduce the likelihood of adduct formation in the mass detector.

### **Results and Discussion**

Addition of mass detection to an existing analytical workflow permits rapid and unambiguous identification of glycans. Historically, this has been a difficult task due to the need for high resolution instruments with appropriate sensitivity to obtain meaningful mass data. To overcome this issue, the novel labeling reagent, *Rapi* Fluor-MS, can been used. *Rapi* Fluor-MS dramatically increases both the MS sensitivity and charging of released N-glycans.

To demonstrate this, we compared the mass spectra of *Rapi* Fluor-MS labeled glycans to those of glycans labeled with a more traditional fluorescent label, 2-AB. This analysis was performed using timeof- flight mass spectrometry, which characteristically has a very wide mass range. The charge state characteristics of the different labeling technologies could thereby be objectively observed.

As shown in Figure 1, signal intensity improves dramatically when using *Rapi* Fluor-MS. Equally interesting is the shift in the charge states of the detected glycan ions that results from use of *Rapi* Fluor-MS labeling. As shown,

*Rapi* Fluor-MS labeled FA2 near exclusively adopts an [M+2H]<sup>2+</sup> charge state, while more complex structures begin to adopt even higher [M+3H]<sup>3+</sup> charge states. In each case, at least one highly populated charge state falls well within the mass range of the ACQUITY QDa. Accordingly, *Rapi* Fluor-MS makes it feasible to use the cost effective, user-friendly ACQUITY QDa Mass Detector for N-glycan monitoring experiments.

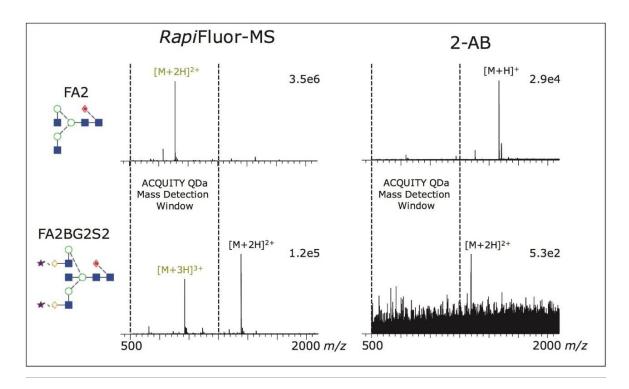


Figure 1. Charge States of RapiFluor-MS Labeled N-Glycans. Time-of-flight ESI+ mass spectra for two N-glycans labeled with RapiFluor-MS and 2-AB, respectively. The detected, protonated charge states that are within the ACQUITY QDa acquisition window are highlighted in green. The upper mass range of the ACQUITY QDa is indicated by the dashed line in each spectrum.

As discussed above, routine detection of N-glycans with the ACQUITY QDa is made possible by *Rapi* Fluor-MS labeling. Importantly, ACQUITY QDa mass detection can be paired with fluorescence detection to facilitate obtaining optical-based quantification along with corroborating data on peak homogeneity and mass information. To enable this data to be collected routinely, the design characteristics of the ACQUITY QDa are such that users without extensive mass spectrometry training are able to generate meaningful mass data easily.

To demonstrate this ability, we separated a sample of IgG released N-glycans labeled with *Rapi* Fluor-MS and monitored the eluting glycans with both FLR and ACQUITY QDa detectors. As shown in Figure 2, high quality

data were obtained for both detector channels, with each species identified in the FLR also represented with ACQUITY QDa MS data such that peak assignments can be readily confirmed. Within Empower Software, it is possible to annotate peaks with component and mass information, which makes reviewing data simple, as exemplified in Figure 2.

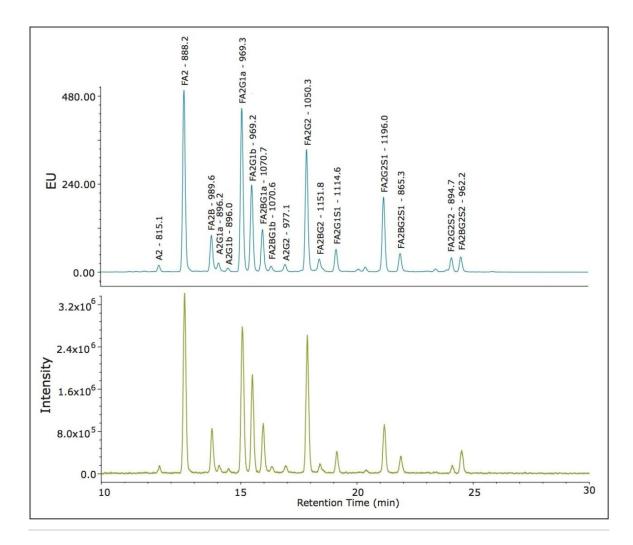


Figure 2. Fluorescence (top trace) and smoothed total ion chromatograms (bottom trace, 5 point mean smooth) of IgG glycans. Each peak is labeled with component name and base peak mass natively in Empower Data Management Software.

While the ability to detect N-glycan structures with the ACQUITY QDa is impressive, spectral quality is paramount for N-glycan monitoring, particularly when there is a need to interrogate the data in detail. We

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therefore reviewed the quality of MS data associated with peaks observed in the previously shown chromatograms. Figure 3 illustrates the spectra for each assigned peak in Figure 2. Notice that the ACQUITY QDa produced clean, easily interpretable mass spectra for the *Rapi* Fluor-MS labeled glycans, regardless of their relative abundance, molecular weight, or sialic acid content. Clearly, the ACQUITY QDa together with *Rapi* Fluor-MS can provide highly informative data that can be used to increase the confidence of assignments made during routine detection of N-glycans.

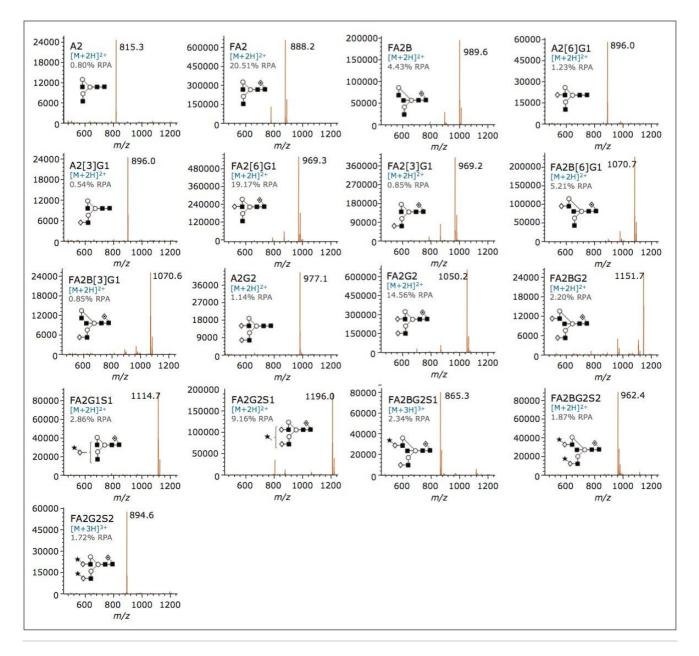


Figure 3. Combined spectra for each glycan structure identified in the chromatograms shown in Figure 2. Identified structures span from simple structures, such as A2, to more complex structures present in IgG samples, such as FA2G2S2. RPA = Relative Peak Area based on FLR integration.

## Conclusion

Glycosylation is a complex and critical aspect of most therapeutic proteins that must be well characterized and monitored throughout product development and commercialization. As discussed in this application note, *Rapi* Fluor-MS can be used to dramatically reduce sample preparation times and complexity, to enhance FLR sensitivity, and to dramatically improve MS sensitivity. By improving glycan MS sensitivity, *Rapi* Fluor-MS labeling permits the use of mass detection with the ACQUITY QDa and thereby affords greater confidence in peak monitoring across the range of structures encountered during biopharmaceutical development.

Taken together, *Rapi* Fluor-MS labeling and HILIC-FLR-MS with the ACQUITY UPLC H-Class Bio System and the ACQUITY QDa Mass Detector offer an unparalleled solution for monitoring the N-glycan profiles of biotherapeutics.

## References

 Lauber, M. A.; Brousmiche, D. W.; Hua, Z.; Koza, S. M.; Guthrie, E.; Magnelli, P.; Taron, C. H.; Fountain, K. J., Rapid Preparation of Released N-Glycans for HILIC Analysis Using a Novel Fluorescence and MS-Active Labeling Reagent. Waters Application Note 720005275EN 2015.

# Featured Products

ACQUITY QDa Mass Detector <https://www.waters.com/134761404> ACQUITY UPLC H-Class PLUS Bio System <https://www.waters.com/10166246> ACQUITY UPLC FLR Detector <https://www.waters.com/514222> Empower 3 Chromatography Data Software <https://www.waters.com/513188>

## Available for Purchase Online

GlycoWorks RapiFluor-MS N-Glycan Kit <https://www.waters.com/134828150> ACQUITY UPLC Glycan BEH Amide Column, 130Å, 1.7 µm, 2.1 mm X 150 mm, 1/pkg < https://www.waters.com/waters/partDetail.htm?partNumber=186004742> RapiFluor-MS Glycan Performance Test Standard < https://www.waters.com/waters/partDetail.htm?partNumber=186007983> Waters Ammonium Formate Solution – Glycan Analysis < https://www.waters.com/waters/partDetail.htm?partNumber=186007081>

720005352, March 2015

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