

# LC-MS Gradient Separation of 6-Acetylmorphine and Morphine on XBridge HILIC

Waters Corporation



This is an Application Brief and does not contain a detailed Experimental section.

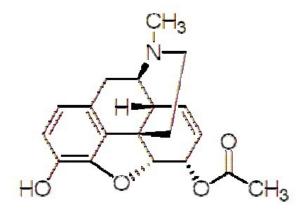
### Abstract

This application brief demonstrates the LC-MS gradient separation of 6-acetylmorphine and morphine on XBridge HILIC Columns.

### Introduction

The compounds used in this study are:

- 1. 6-Acetylmorphine
- 2. Morphine





## 6-Acetylmorphine

Morphine

Experimental

### LC Conditions

Column:

XBridge HILIC, 2.1 x 100 mm, 3.5  $\mu\text{m}$ 

Part number:
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186004433

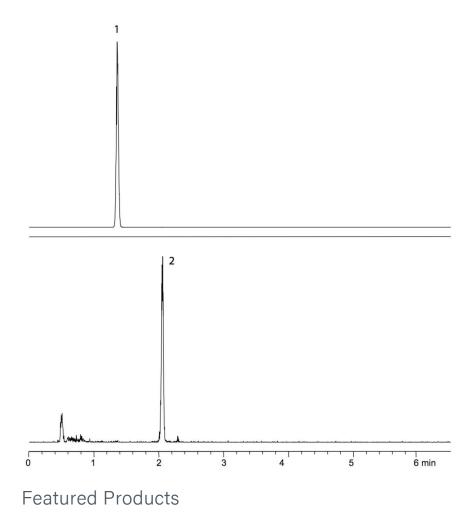
Mobile phase A:	10 mM NH <sub>4</sub> COOH with 0.125% formic acid in 50:50 ACN:H <sub>2</sub> O
Mobile phase B:	10 mM NH <sub>4</sub> COOH with 0.125% formic acid in 90:10 ACN:H <sub>2</sub> O
Flow rate:	0.6 mL/min
Sample concentration:	10 ng/mL each
Injection volume:	10.0 μL (PLNO, 20 μL loop)
Strong and weak needle wash:	95:5 ACN:H <sub>2</sub> O
Column temperature:	30 °C
Detection:	MS
Instrument:	Waters ACQUITY UPLC with TQD

### Gradient:

Time(min)	Profile
	%A
0.00	0.1
1.05	0.1
4.35	99.9
4.50	0.1

Time(min)	Profile
6.00	0.1
MS Conditions	
Ionization mode:	ES+
Capillary:	1.0 kV
Cone:	50 V
Source temperature:	120 °C
Desolvation temperature:	350 °C
Cone gas flow:	50 L/Hr
Desolvation gas flow:	800 L/Hr
Dwell time:	20 msec
ISD and ICD:	10 msec
MRM:	Morphine 286 > 200.9 6-Acetylmorphine 328 > 164.9

### Results and Discussion



ACQUITY UPLC System <https://www.waters.com/514207>

WA64078, August 2009

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