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アプリケーションノート

LC-MS Gradient Separation of 6-Acetylmorphine and Morphine on XBridge HILIC

Waters Corporation



This is an Application Brief and does not contain a detailed Experimental section.

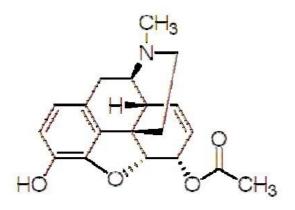
Abstract

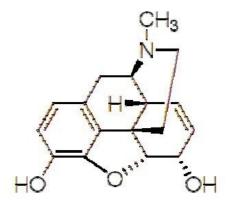
This application brief demonstrates the LC-MS gradient separation of 6-acetylmorphine and morphine on XBridge HILIC Columns.

Introduction

The compounds used in this study are:

- 1. 6-Acetylmorphine
- 2. Morphine





6-Acetylmorphine

Morphine

Experimental

LC Conditions

Column: XBridge HILIC, 2.1×100 mm, $3.5 \mu m$

Part number: 186004433

Mobile phase A:	10 mM NH $_4$ COOH with 0.125% formic acid in 50:50 ACN:H $_2$ O
Mobile phase B:	10 mM NH $_4$ COOH with 0.125% formic acid in 90:10 ACN:H $_2$ O
Flow rate:	0.6 mL/min
Sample concentration:	10 ng/mL each
Injection volume:	10.0 μL (PLNO, 20 μL loop)
Strong and weak needle wash:	95:5 ACN:H ₂ O
Column temperature:	30 °C
Detection:	MS
Instrument:	Waters ACQUITY UPLC with TQD
Gradient:	
Time(min)	Profile
	%A
0.00	0.1

0.1

99.9

0.1

0.1

MS Conditions

1.05

4.35

4.50

6.00

Ionization mode: ES+

Capillary: 1.0 kV

Cone: 50 V

Source temperature: 120 °C

Desolvation temperature: 350 °C

Cone gas flow: 50 L/Hr

Desolvation gas flow: 800 L/Hr

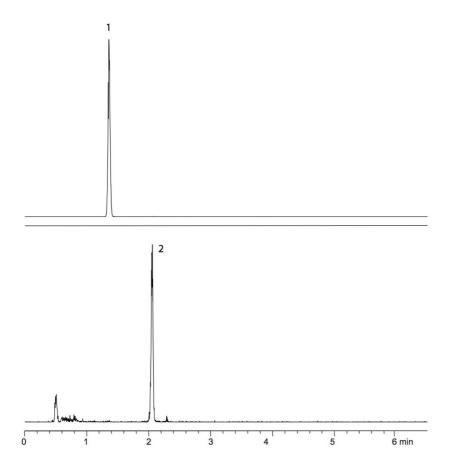
Dwell time: 20 msec

ISD and ICD: 10 msec

MRM: Morphine 286 > 200.9

6-Acetylmorphine 328 > 164.9

Results and Discussion



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ACQUITY UPLC System https://www.waters.com/514207

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