## Waters<sup>™</sup>

Application Note

# Pharmaceuticals and Personal Care Products in Water, Soil, Sediment and Biosolids by HPLC-MS/MS

Waters Corporation

## Abstract

In this Application, we monitor the presence of pharmaceuticals in drinking water supplies and examining their long term effects on human health.

## Introduction

Many hundreds of active compounds are used in both human and veterinary drug formulations. Due to the many different applications related to pharmaceuticals, their residues can reach the environment in multiple ways including excretion and manufacturing discharge. These compounds are not completely eliminated via sewage treatment plants, thus they can reach surface and groundwater supplies. Recently, there has been increased interest in monitoring for the presence of pharmaceuticals in drinking water supplies and examining their long term effects on human health.

## Experimental

#### **HPLC** conditions

Instrument:	Waters 2690 HPLC or Waters 2795 HPLC, Quattro Ultima MS/MS
LC Column:	Waters XTerra C <sub>18</sub> , 3.5 µm, 10.0 cm, 2.1 mm
Ionizatoin:	Electrospray Positive (ES+)
Acquisition:	MRM mode, unit resolution
Injection Volume:	15 µL

LC Gr	adient Program	LC Flow Rate		General LC Co	nditions
Time (min)	Flow Mixture <sup>1</sup>	(mL/min)	Gradient	Column Temperature	40 °C
0.0	95% Solvent A 5% Solvent B	0.150	1	Flow Rate	0.15 – 0.30 mL/min
4.0	95% Solvent A 5% Solvent B	0.250	6	Max Pressure	345 Bar
22.5	12% Solvent A 88% Solvent B	0.300	6	Autosampler Tray 4 °C Temperature	4 °C
23.0	100% Solvent B	0.300	6	MS Condit	ions
26.0	100% Solvent B	0.300	6	Source Temperature	140 °C
26.5	95% Solvent A 5% Solvent B	0.150	6	Desolvation Temperature	350 °C
33.0	95% Solvent A 5% Solvent B	0.150	6	Cone/Desolvation Gas Rate	80 L/hr /400 L/hr

<sup>1</sup> Solvent A = 0.3% Formic Acid and 0.1% Ammonium Formate in HPLC water

Solvent B = 1:1 Acetonitrile:Methanol

Group 1 – Acidic extraction, positive electrospray ionization (ESI+) instrument conditions.

				Detection Limits and Minimum Levels				Levels	
	RT	Parent-	Quantitation				Extract	(ng/ΦL)	
Analyte	(min)	Daughter M/ZS	Reference	MDL	ML	MDL	MDL ML MDL	ML	
Group 1	Ana	alytes Extracted	Under Acidic Condition	ns and Ana	lyzed Using	g Positive El	ectrospray l	onization (	ESI+)
Native Compounds									
Sulfanilamide	2.5	190.0 - 155.8	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>5</sub> -Sulfamethazine	8.9	50	48	200	2.2	12.5
Cotinine	2.8	177.0 - 98.0	Cotinine-d <sub>3</sub>	3.4	5	1.1	5	0.9	1.25
Acetaminophen	4.6	152.2 - 110.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>2</sub> <sup>-15</sup> N- Acetaminophen	27	200	35	200	6.7	50
Sulfadiazine	6.0	251.2 - 156.1	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>6</sub> -Sulfamethazine	0.4	5	2.7	10	0.1	1.25
1,7-Dimethylxanthine	6.9	181.2 - 124.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -Caffeine	120	500	270	1000	30	125
Sulfathiazole	7.7	256.3 - 156.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>6</sub> -Sulfamethoxazole	0.5	5	1.9	50	0.1	1.25
Codeine	8.3	300.0 - 152.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -Trimethoprim	1.5	10	3.4	10	0.4	2.5
Sulfamerazine	8.7	265.0 - 156.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>5</sub> -Sulfamethazine	0.3	2	1.4	5	0.1	0.5
Lincomycin	9.3	407.5 - 126.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -Trimethoprim	0.8	10	4.7	10	0.2	2.5
Caffeine	9.3	195.0 - 138.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -Caffeine	15	50	5.4	50	3.6	12.5
Sulfamethizole	10.0	271.0 - 156.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>5</sub> -Sulfamethoxazole	0.4	2	0.88	5	0.1	0.5
Trimethoprim	10.0	291.0 - 230.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -Trimethoprim	1.1	5	3.3	10	0.3	1.25
Thiabendazole	10.0	202.1 - 175.1	Thiabendazole-de	0.7	5	2.1	10	0.2	1.25
Sulfamethazine	10.1	279.0 - 156.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>6</sub> -Sulfamethazine	0.6	2	0.83	5	0.2	0.5
Cefotaxime	10.2	456.4 - 396.1	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -Trimethoprim	10	20	18	50	2.5	5
Carbadox	10.5	263.2 - 231.2	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -Trimethoprim	2.3	5	2.1	10	0.6	1.25
Ormetoprim	10.5	275.3 - 259.1	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -Trimethoprim	0.3	2	0.50	2	0.1	0.5
Norfloxacin	10.7	320.0 - 302.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> <sup>15</sup> N-Ciprofloxacin	28	50	15	50	7.0	12.5
Sulfachloropyridazine	10.8	285.0 - 156.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>6</sub> -Sulfamethazine	1.2	5	1.9	5	0.3	1.25
Ofloxacin	10.8	362.2 - 318.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> <sup>15</sup> N-Ciprofloxacin	1.8	5	3.4	10	0.4	1.25
Ciprofloxacin	10.9	332.2 - 314.2	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> <sup>15</sup> N-Ciprofloxacin	5.1	20	8.1	20	1.3	5
Clinafloxacin	12.2	366.3 - 348.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> <sup>15</sup> N-Ciprofloxacin	6.9	20	14	50	1.7	5
Digoxigenin	12.6	391.2 - 355.2	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -Trimethoprim	5.7	20	9.4	20	1.4	5
Oxolinic acid	13.1	261.8 - 243.8	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -Trimethoprim	0.6	2	0.62	2	0.2	0.5
Sulfadimethoxine	13.2	311.0 - 156.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>6</sub> -Sulfamethoxazole	0.0	1	0.55	2	0.03	0.25
Diphenhydramine	14.5	256.8 - 168.1	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -Trimethoprim	0.4	2	0.66	2	0.05	0.5
Penicillin G	14.6	367.5 - 160.2	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -Trimethoprim	2.4	10	13	50	0.6	2.5
Azithromycin	14.8	749.9 - 591.6	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -Trimethoprim	1.3	5	1.6	5	0.3	1.25
Flumegine	15.2	262.0 - 173.7	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -Trimethoprim	2.7	5	1.4	5	0.7	1.25
Ampicillin	15.3	350.3 - 160.2	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -Trimethoprim	-	5	-	5	-	1.25
Diltiazem	15.3	415.5 - 178.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -Trimethoprim	0.6	2	0.30	2	0.2	0.25
Carbamazepine	15.3	237.4 - 194.2	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -Trimethoprim	1.4	5	1.6	5	0.2	1.25
Penicillin V	15.4	383.4 - 160.2	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -Trimethoprim	4.4	20	1.0	50	1.1	5
Erythromycin	15.9	734.4 - 158.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>2</sub> -Erythromycin	-	1	-	2	-	0.25
Tylosin	16.3	916.0 - 772.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>2</sub> -Erythromycin anhydrate	13	50	8.1	50	3.2	5
Oxacillin	16.4	434.3 - 160.1	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -Trimethoprim	3.3	10	9.4	20	0.8	2.5
Dehydronifedipine	16.5	345.5 - 284.1	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -Trimethoprim	0.6	2	0.41	2	0.2	0.5

#### Continuation of above table

				Detection Limits and Minimum Levels					
	RT	Parent-	Quantitation	Water (ng/L) Other (µg/kg) Ext		Extract	xtract (ng/@L)		
Analyte	(min)	Daughter M/ZS	Reference	MDL	ML	MDL	ML	MDL	ML
Group 1	Ana	lytes Extracted	Under Acidic Condition	ons and Ana	alyzed Usin	g Positive El	ectrospray	lonization (	ESI+)
Native Compounds									
Clarithromycin	17.5	748.9 – 158.2	13C2-Erythromycin anhydrate	1.0	5	1.2	5	0.3	1.25
Labeled compound	s spiked	into each sample	,					- 62	0
Cotinine-d <sub>3</sub>	2.8	180.0 – 79.9	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> Atrazine						
<sup>13</sup> C <sub>2</sub> - <sup>15</sup> N- Acetaminophen	4.5	155.2 – 111.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> Atrazine						
<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> Caffeine	9.3	198.0 - 140.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> Atrazine						
Thiabendazole-d <sub>6</sub>	9.8	208.1 - 180.1	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> Atrazine						
<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -Trimethoprim	10.0	294.0 - 233.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> Atrazine						
<sup>13</sup> C <sub>6</sub> Sulfamethazine	10.1	285.1 - 162.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> Atrazine						
<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> <sup>15</sup> N-Ciprofloxacin	10.9	336.1 – 318.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> Atrazine						
<sup>13</sup> C <sub>6</sub> -Sulfamethoxazole	11.2	260.0 - 162.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> Atrazine						
<sup>13</sup> C <sub>2</sub> -Erythromycin	15.9	736.4 – 160.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> Atrazine						
Fluoxetine-d <sub>5</sub>	16.8	315.3 – 153.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> Atrazine						
<sup>13</sup> C <sub>2</sub> -Erythromycin anhydrate	17.7	718.4 – 160.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> Atrazine						
Injection internal s	tandard					<u>1</u> 1.		26	ф.
<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> Atrazine	15.9	219.5 – 176.9 (134.0)	External standard						

Group 1 acidic extraction, positive electrospray ionization (ESI+) compound retention times (RTs), parentdaughter transitions, quantitation references, method detection limits, and minimum levels of quantitation.

### HPLC conditions

Instrument:	Waters 2690 HPLC or Waters 2795 HPLC,
	Quattro Ultima MS/MS
LC Column:	Waters XTerra C <sub>18</sub> , 3.5 µm, 10.0 cm, 2.1 mm
Ionization:	Negative Ion Electrospray
Acquisition:	MRM mode, unit resolution
Injection Volume:	5 μL

LC	Gradient Program	LC Flow Rate		General LC Con	ditions
Time (min)	Flow Mixture <sup>1</sup>	(mL/min)	Gradient	Column Temperature	40 °C
0.0	10% Solvent A 90% Solvent B	0.20	1	Flow Rate	0.20 – 0.23 mL/min
1.0	10% Solvent A 90% Solvent B	0.20	6	Max Pressure	345 Bar
18.0	40% Solvent A 60% Solvent B	0.23	6	Autosampler Tray Temperature	4 °C
20.0	90% Solvent A 10% Solvent B	0.23	6	MS Conditi	ons
24.0	90% Solvent A 10% Solvent B	0.23	6	Source Temperature	120 °C
24.3	10% Solvent A 90% Solvent B	0.20	6	Desolvation Temperature	400 °C
28	10% Solvent A 90% Solvent B	0.20	6	Cone / Desolvation Gas Rate	70 L/hr /450 L/hr

<sup>1</sup> Solvent A = 1:1 acetonitrile:methanol, with 5 mM Oxalic Acid

Solvent  $B = HPLC H_2O$ , with 5 mM Oxalic Acid.

Group 2 - Acidic extraction positive electrospray ionization (ESI+) instrument conditions.

				Detection Limits and Minimum Levels					
	RT	Parent-Daughter	Quantitation	Water (ng/L) Other (ng/g) Ex		Extract	Extract (ng/µL)		
Analyte	(min)	M/ZS	Reference	MDL	ML	MDL	ML	MDL	ML
Group 2	Analy	tes Extracted Und	ler Acidic Condition	s and Ana	lyzed Usi	ng Positiv	e Electrospi	ray lonizati	on (ESI+)
Native Compounds									
Minocycline	5.1	458.0 - 441.0	Thiabendazole-d <sub>6</sub>	51	200	-	200	13	50
Epitetracycline	8.1	445.2 - 410.2	Thiabendazole-d <sub>6</sub>	3.6	20	8.6	20	0.9	5
Epioxytetracycline (EOTC)	8.6	461.2 - 426.2	Thiabendazole-d <sub>6</sub>	4.1	20	18	50	1.0	5
Oxytetracycline (OTC)	9.4	461.2 - 426.2	Thiabendazole-d <sub>6</sub>	2.1	20	2.2	20	0.5	5
Tetracycline (TC)	9.9	445.2 - 410.2	Thiabendazole-d <sub>6</sub>	1.9	20	2.8	20	0.5	5
Demeclocycline	11.7	465.0 - 430.0	Thiabendazole-d <sub>6</sub>	6.6	50	7.9	50	1.7	12.5
Isochlortetracycline (ICTC) 1	11.9	479.0 - 462.2	Thiabendazole-d <sub>6</sub>	1.7	20	3.5	20	0.4	5
Epichlortetracycline (ECTC) 1	12.0	479.0 - 444.0	Thiabendazole-d <sub>6</sub>	7.7	50	26	100	1.9	12.5
Chlortetracycline (CTC)	14.1	479.0 - 444.0	Thiabendazole-d <sub>6</sub>	1.2	20	2.3	20	0.3	5
Doxycycline	16.7	445.2 - 428.2	Thiabendazole-d <sub>6</sub>	2.8	20	2.3	20	0.7	5
Epianhydrotetracycline (EATC)	17.0	426.8 - 409.8	Thiabendazole-d <sub>6</sub>	7.7	50	14	50	1.9	12.5
Anhydrotetracycline (ATC)	18.8	426.8 - 409.8	Thiabendazole-d <sub>6</sub>	4.6	50	7.1	50	1.2	12.5
Epianhydrochlortetracycline (EACTC)	20.7	461.2 - 444.0	Thiabendazole-d $_6$	28	200	23	200	7.0	50
Anhdrochlortetracycline (ACTC)	22.1	461.2 - 444.0	Thiabendazole-d <sub>6</sub>	5.2	50	11	50	1.3	12.5
Labeled compound spiked	into ea	ch sample							
Thiabendazole-d <sub>6</sub>	7.0	208.1 - 180.1	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> Atrazine						
Injection internal standar	d			32 X					
<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> Atrazine	10.5	219.5 – 176.9 (134.0)	External standard						

<sup>1</sup> Isochlortetracycline (ICTC) is reported as the sum ICTC + ECTC due to a common transition ion.

Group 2 acidic extraction positive electrospray ionization (ESI+) compound retention times (RTs), parent-daughter transitions, quantitation references, method detection limits, and minimum levels of quantitation.

#### HPLC conditions

Instrument:	Waters 2690 HPLC or Waters 2795 HPLC,
	Quattro Ultima MS/MS
LC Column:	Waters XTerra C <sub>18</sub> , 3.5 µm, 10.0 cm, 2.1 mm
Ionization:	Negative Ion Electrospray
Acquisition:	MRM mode, unit resolution
Acquisition.	

LC	Gradient Program	LC Flow Rate		General LC Con	ditions
Time (min)	Flow Mixture <sup>1</sup>	(mL/min)	Gradient	Column Temperature	40 °C
0.0	60% Solvent A 40% Solvent B	0.2	1	Flow Rate	0.200 mL/min
0.5	60% Solvent A 40% Solvent B	0.2	6	Max Pressure	345 Bar
7.0	100% Solvent B	0.2	6	Autosampler Tray Temperature	4 C
12.5	100% Solvent B	0.2	6	MS Conditi	ons
12.7	60% Solvent A 40% Solvent B	0.2	6	Source Temperature	100 °C
16.0	60% Solvent A 40% Solvent B	0.2	1	Desolvation Temperature	350 ℃
				Cone/Desolvation Gas Rate	50L/hr /300 L/hr

 $^{\rm 1}$  Solvent A = 0.1% Ammonium Acetate and 0.1% Acetic Acid in HPLC water

Solvent B = 1:1 MethanolAcetonitrile

Group 3 Acidic extraction negative electrospray ionization (ESI-) instrument conditions.

		Parent-		Detection Limits and Minimur			ım Levels		
	RT	Daughter	Quantitation	Water (ng/L) Other (Фg/g) E		Extract	Extract (ng/ΦL)		
Analyte	(min)	M/ZS	Reference	MDL	ML	MDL	ML	MDL I	
Group 3	Ana	lytes Extracted	Under Acidic Condition	s and Analy	zed Using F	Positive Ele	ctrospray l	onization	(ESI+)
Native Compounds									
Naproxen	6.7	228.9 - 168.6	<sup>13</sup> C-Naproxen-d <sub>3</sub>	3.9	10	6.1	20	1.0	2.5
Warfarin	7.1	307.0 - 117.0	Warfarin-d <sub>5</sub>	0.9	5	1.6	5	0.2	1.25
Ibuprofen	8.4	205.1 - 161.1	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -Ibuprofen	6.0	50	11	50	1.5	
Gemfibrozil	9.5	249.0 - 121.0	Gemfibrozil-d <sub>6</sub>	0.8 5	1.2	5	0.2	1.25	
Triclocarban	9.6	312.9 - 159.7	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>6</sub> -Triclocarban	2.1	10	2.7	10	0.5	2.5
Triclosan	9.7	286.8 - 35.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>12</sub> -Triclosan	92	200	56	200	23	50
Labeled compounds	spiked i	nto samples							
<sup>13</sup> C-Naproxen-d <sub>3</sub>	6.6	232.9 - 168.6	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>6</sub> -TCPAA						
Warfarin-d₅	7.0	312.0 - 161.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>6</sub> -TCPAA						
<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -lbuprofen	8.5	208.2 - 163.1	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>6</sub> -TCPAA						
Gemfibrozil-d <sub>6</sub>	9.5	255.0 - 121.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>6</sub> -TCPAA						
<sup>13</sup> C <sub>6</sub> -Triclocarban	9.6	318.9 - 159.7	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>6</sub> -TCPAA						
<sup>13</sup> C <sub>12</sub> -Triclosan	9.7	298.8 - 35.0	<sup>13</sup> C <sub>6</sub> -TCPAA						
Injection Internal Stan	dard				•		•		•
<sup>13</sup> C <sub>6</sub> -TCPAA	4.9	258.8 - 200.7	External standard					1	

*Group 3 acidic extraction negative electrospray ionization (ESI-) compound retention times (RTs), parentdaughter transitions, quantitation references, method detection limits, and minimum levels of quantitation.* 

#### HPLC conditions

Instrument:	Waters 2690 HPLC or Waters 2795 HPLC,
	Quattro Ultima MS/MS
LC Column:	Waters Atlantis HILIC, 3.0 µm, 2.1x 100 mm
Ionization:	Electrospray Positive (ES+)
Acquisition:	MRM mode, unit resolution
Purge Solvent:	100% CH <sub>3</sub> CN (changed from H2O)
Injection Volume:	2.0 µL

onditions	General LC Con		LC Flow Rate	Gradient Program	LC
40 °C	Column Temperature	Gradient	(mL/min)	Flow Mixture <sup>1</sup>	Time (min)
0.25 mL/min	Flow Rate	1	0.25	2% Solvent A 8% Solvent B	0.0
345 Bar	Max Pressure	6	0.25	30% Solvent A 70% Solvent B	5.0
4 °C	Autosampler Tray Temperature	6	0.25	30% Solvent A 70% Solvent B	12.0
tions	MS Conditio	6	0.25	2% Solvent A 98% Solvent B	12.5
120 °C	Source Temperature	6	0.25	2% Solvent A 98% Solvent B	16.0
350 °C	Desolvation Temperature				
70L/hr /400 L/h	Cone/Desolvation Gas Rate				

<sup>1</sup> Solvent A = 0.1% Acetic Acid/Ammonium Acetate Buffer

Solvent B = Acetonitrile

Group 4 - Basic extraction positive electrospray ionization (ESI+) instrument conditions.

Analyte	RT (min)	Parent- Daughter M/ ZS	Quantitation Reference	Detection Limits and Minimum Levels					
				Water (ng/L)		Other (ng/g)		Extract (ng/@L)	
				MDL	ML	MDL	ML	MDL	ML
Group 4	Anal	ytes Extracted l	Under Acidic Conditi	ons and Ana	lyzed Usin	g Positive Ele	ectrospray	lonization (	+) ESI
Native Compounds									
Cimetidine	6.9	253.1 - 159.0	Albuterol-d <sub>3</sub>	0.6	2	0.78	2	0.2	0.5
Albuterol	9.4	240.0 - 148.0	Albuterol-d <sub>3</sub>	0.9	2	0.39	2	0.2	0.5
Ranitidine	10.3	315.0 - 175.9	Albuterol-d <sub>3</sub>	0.7	2	1.1	2	0.2	0.5
Metformin	11.0	131.1 - 60.1	Metformin-d <sub>6</sub>	23	100	38	100	5.8	25
Labeled compounds	spiked in	nto samples							
Albuterol-d <sub>3</sub>	9.4	243.0 - 151.0	Cotinine-d <sub>3</sub>						
Metformin-d <sub>6</sub>	11.0	285.1 - 163.0	Cotinine-d <sub>3</sub>						
Injection Internal S	tandard								
Cotinine-d <sub>3</sub>	5.9	180.0 - 79.9	External standard						
<sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub> -Atrazine	2.0	219.5 – 176.9 (134.0)	External Standard						

Group 4 basic extraction positive electrospray ionization (ESI+) compound retention times (RTs), parentdaughter transitions, quantitation references, method detection limits, and minimum levels of quantitation.

## References

- 1. Total Solutions for Environmental Applications: 720002163EN
- 2. LC-MS Determination of Pharmaceutical Residues in Environmental Samples: 720000421EN

## Featured Products

Alliance HPLC System <https://www.waters.com/534293>

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