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Application Note

Camphorsulfonic Acid in Rat Plasma on Oasis WAX

Waters Corporation



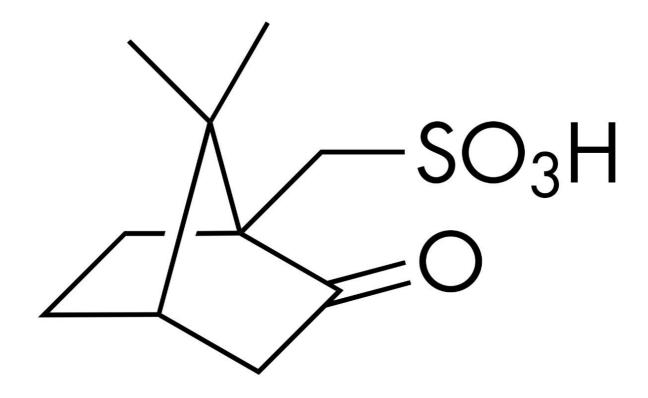
This is an Application Brief and does not contain a detailed Experimental section.

Abstract

This application brief demonstrates analysis of camphorsulfonic acid in rat plasma on Oasis Wax.

Introduction

Camphorsulfonic acid is a strong acid with a pKa of approximately 1.5. The best SPE recoveries for this type of acid are on Oasis WAX products.



Experimental

Test Conditions

Oasis WAX 10 mg 96-Well Plate

Condition:	500 μL MeOH
Equilibrate:	500 μL H ₂ O
Load:	500 μ L (250 μ L rat plasma, diluted 1:1 with 4% H $_3$ PO $_4$)
Wash 1:	500 μL 2% FA, pH 2.7
Wash 2:	500 μL MeOH
Elute:	250 μL (125 μL x 2) 5% NH ₄ OH in MeOH
Options:	 Dilute 250 µL H₂O with 2% FA Evaporate/ Reconstitute Direct inject
Inject:	10 μL
Oasis WAX 96-Well Plate µ Elution Plate	
Condition:	200 μL MeOH
Equilibrate:	200 μL H ₂ O
Load:	100 μ L (50 μ L rat plasma diluted 1:1 with 4% H $_3$ PO $_4$)
Wash 1:	200 μL 2% FA, pH 2.7
Wash 2:	200 μL MeOH

Elute:	50 μ L (25 μ L x 2) 5% NH ₄ OH in MeOH	
Options:	1. Direct injection	
	2. Dilute with 50 μ L H $_2$ O with 2% FA	
	3. Evaporate/ Reconstitute	
Inject:	10 μL	
Column:	SunFire C_{18} 2.1 x 20 mm IS, 3.5 μ m	
Mobile phase A:	10 mM CH ₃ COO-NH ₄ +, pH 5.5	
Mobile phase B:	MeOH with 10 mM CH ₃ COO-NH ₄ +, pH 5.5	
Flow rate:	0.4 mL /min	
Injection volume:	10 μL	
Column temp:	Ambient	
Instrument:	2777 Sample Manager, 1525µ Binary HPLC Pump and Quattro Premier	

Gradient

Time	Profile		
(min)	%A	%B	
0.0	95	5	
3.0	5	95	
4.0	5	95	
4.1	95	5	
5.0	95	5	

Quattro Premier

ESI- source temp: 150 °C

Desolvation temp: 350 °C

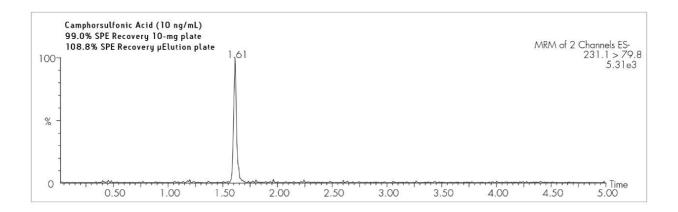
Cone gas flow: 50 L /Hr

Desolvation gas flow: 600 L /Hr

Collision cell: 2.2e⁻³ bar (Ar gas)

	MRM transition	Cone (V)	CID (eV)
Camphorsulfonic acid	m/z 231.1 \rightarrow 79.8	60	30

Results and Discussion



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