Waters™

Application Note

Nalidixic Acid Antibiotics by LC-MS, 5.0 Minute Gradient – 2.1 x 20 mm Intelligent Speed Separation

Waters Corporation



This is an Application Brief and does not contain a detailed Experimental section.

Abstract

This application brief details on the analysis of nalidixic acid antibiotics by LC-MS.

Introduction

The compounds analyzed in this study are:

Compound	MW
1. Cinoxacin	262.2
2. Oxolinic Acid	261.2
3. Nalidixic Acid	232.2

Cinoxacin

Oxolinic acid

Nalidixic acid

LC Conditions

Column: Atlantis dC₁₈, 2.1 x 20 mm IS, 3.0 μ m, (P/N:

186002058)

Mobile phase A: Water

Mobile phase B: Methanol

Mobile phase C: 1% HCOOH in Water

Flow rate: 0.4 mL/min

Injection volume: $2 \mu L$

Sample concentration: $10 \mu g/mL$

Temperature: 30°C

Instrument: Alliance 2795 and Waters ZQ

Gradient

Time	Profile		
(min)	%A	%B	%C
0.0	60	30	10
5.0	40	50	10

MS Conditions

Waters ZQ

ES+

Capillary (kV): 3.5

Cone (V): 5.0

Extractor: 3.0

RF lens: 0.1

Source temp. (°C): 150

Desolvation temp. (°C): 400

Cone gas flow (L/Hr): 50

Desolvation gas fLow(L/Hr): 500

LM resolution: 15

HM resolution: 15

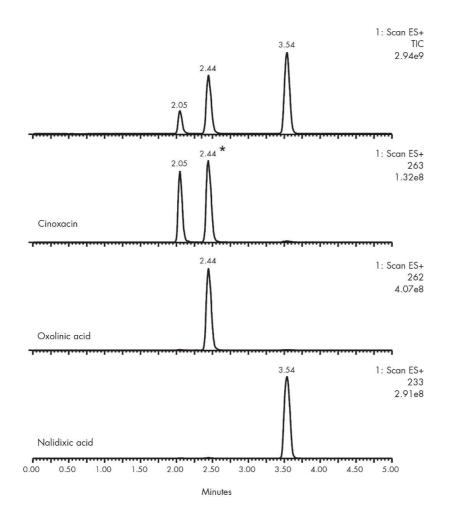
Ion energy: 0.5

Multiplier (V): 650

Results and Discussion

The top figure is the total ion current, followed by the extracted ion signals for each of the three analytes.

*The "extra" peak in the cinoxacin panel is the isotope from oxolinic acid.



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Alliance HPLC System https://www.waters.com/534293

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