

Naltrexone in Plasma - LC-MS

Waters Corporation



This is an Application Brief and does not contain a detailed Experimental section.

Abstract

This application brief demonstrates analysis of naltrexone in plasma by LC-MS.

Introduction

The compound analyzed in this study is naltrexone.

Experimental

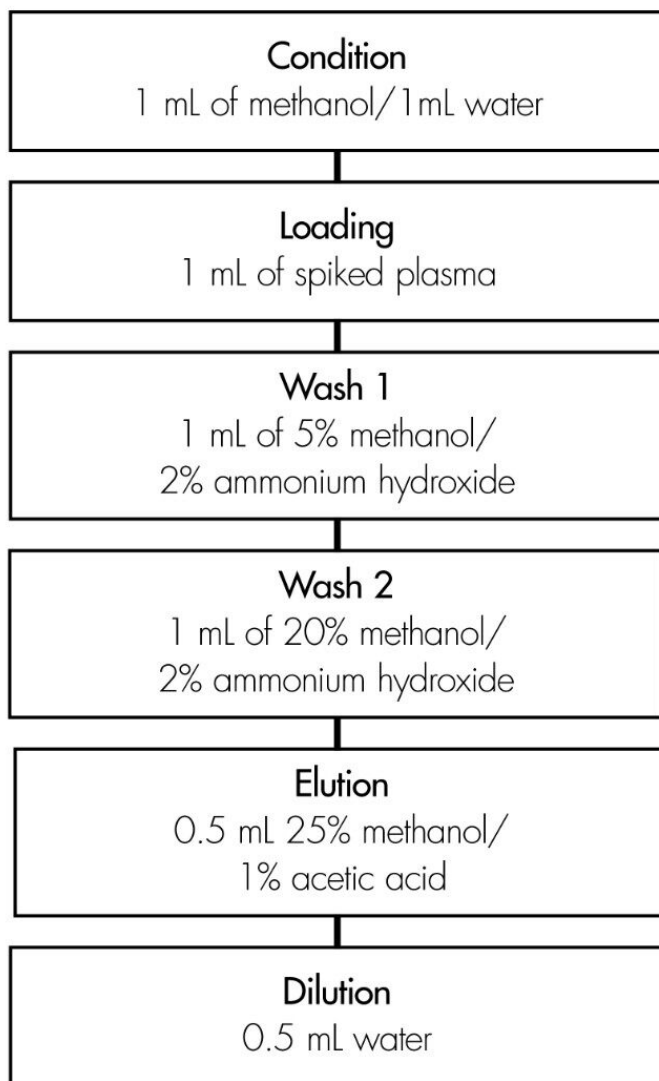
HPLC Method

Column:	Symmetry C ₈ , 2.1 x 30 mm, 5 μm
Part number:	WAT058977
Mobile phase:	10 mM NH ₄ OH, pH 5/Acetonitrile 88:12
Flow rate:	200 μL/min
Injection volume:	50 μL plasma extract
MS:	Micromass Quattro II
Ion source temp.:	120 °C
CID:	1.8e ⁻³ mBar, 20eV
Desolvation temp.:	400 °C
Nebulizer:	40 L/hr
Drying gas:	400 L/hr
Cone volt:	56V

Oasis® HLB Extraction Method

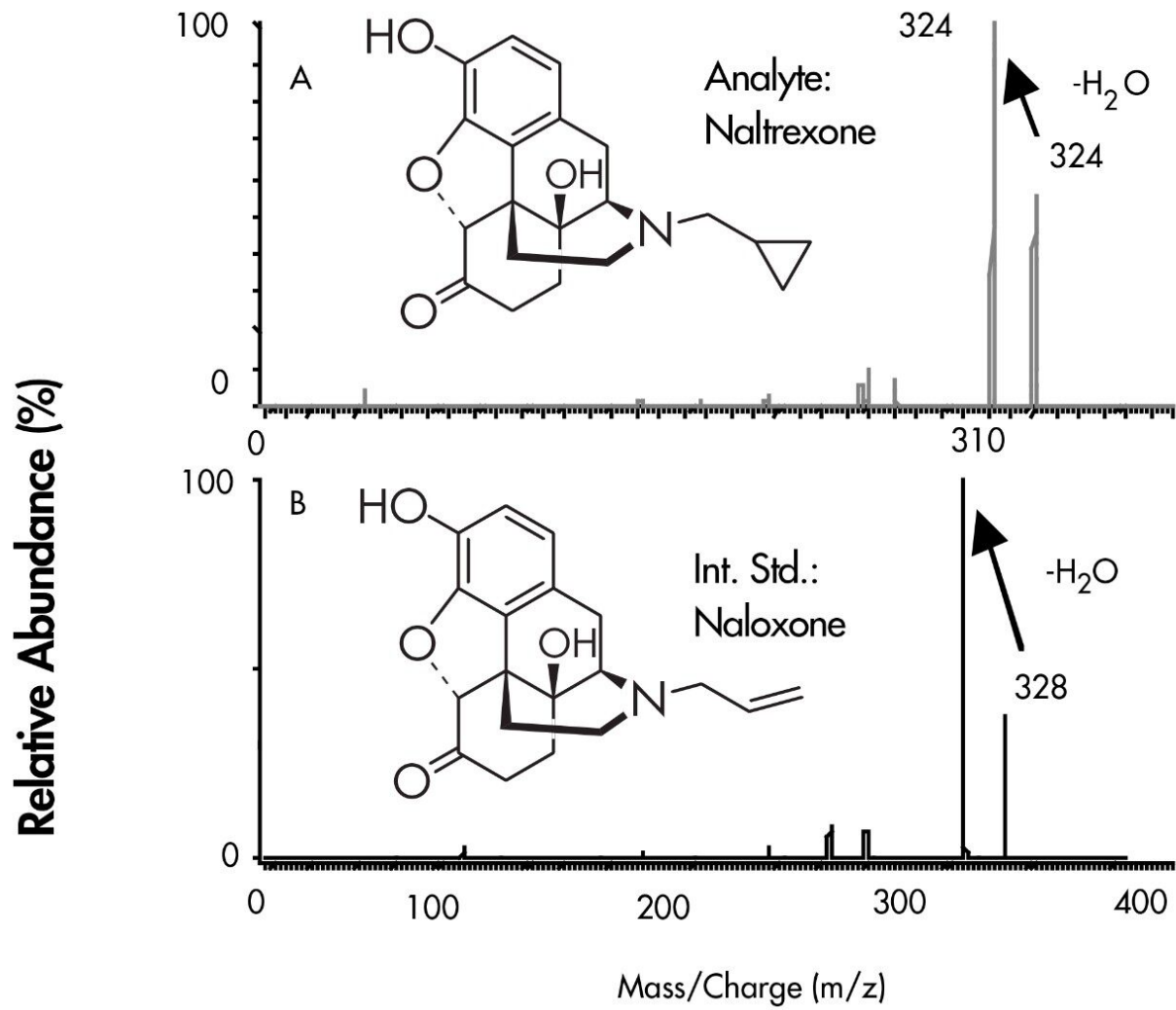
Oasis® HLB Extraction Plate, 30 mg/96-well

Part Number WAT058951



Results and Discussion

CID mass spectra

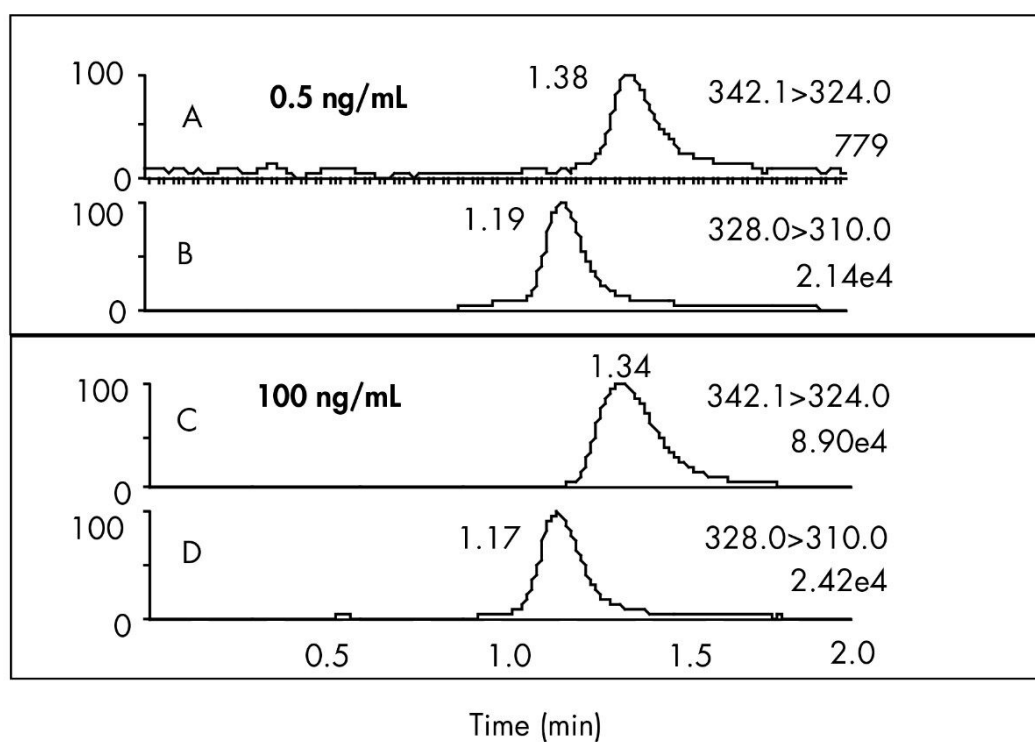


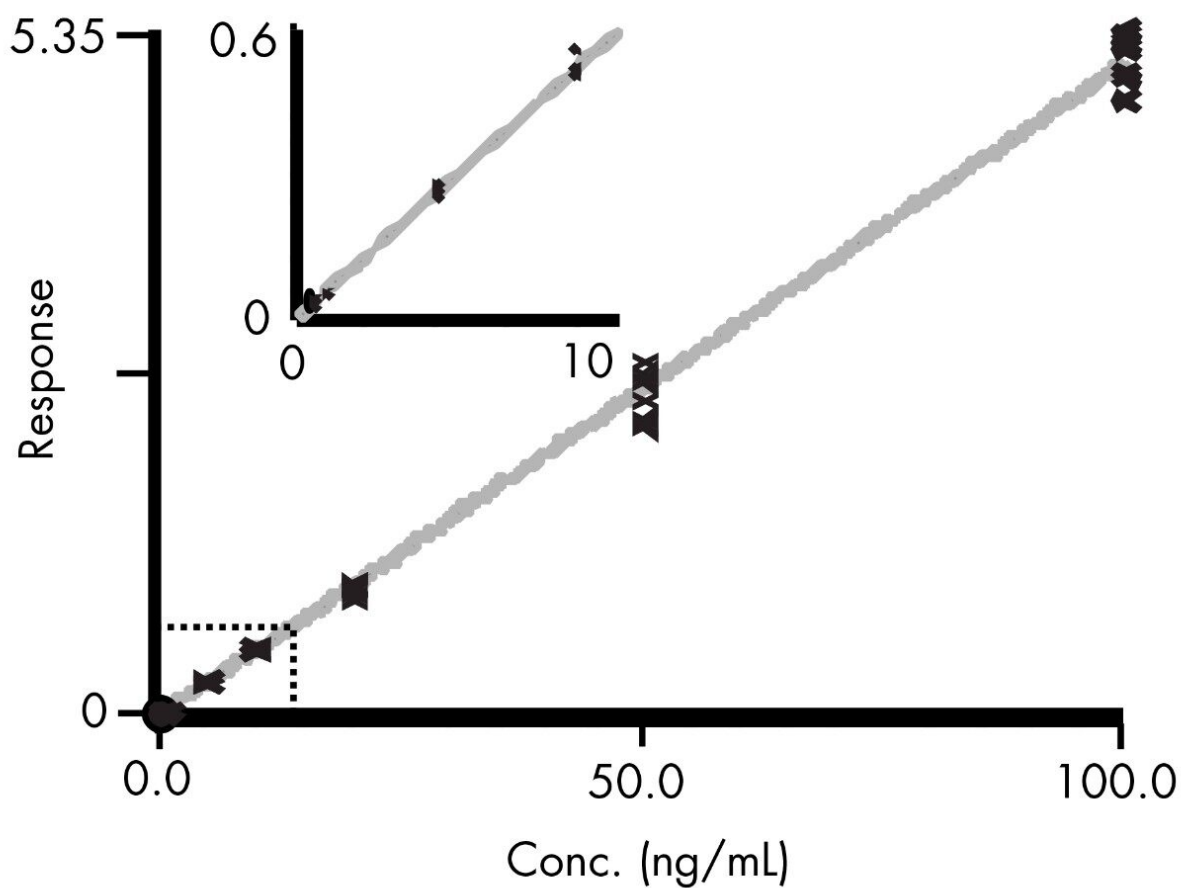
Naltrexone m/z 342 > 324

Naloxone m/z 328 > 310

Conc ng/mL n=8	Average	% Std. Dev	(RSD%)	(rel. error)
0.5	0.6	0.09	16	15
1	0.9	0.06	6	-14
5	5.1	0.2	4	3
10	10.1	0.4	4	1
20	19.7	0.8	4	-2
50	49.1	3.9	8	-2
100	101.1	3.7	4	1

HPLC-MS/MS (MRM Analysis at 0.5 ng/mL and 100 ng/mL





Coefficient of Determination: 0.996457

Calibration Curve: $0.0508208 * x + 0.00306776$

Response type: Internal Std (20 ng/mL Naloxone),

Area * (IS Conc./IS Area)

Curve type: Linear, Origin: Exclude, Weighting: 1x, Axis trans: None

Featured Products

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