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Nota de aplicación

Separation and Purification of Highly Polar Pharmaceutical Compounds on a RPLC Column at Prep Scale: Are You Thinking about Atlantis dC₁₈?

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Abstract

Atlantis dC₁₈ Columns are a fully LC-MS compatible line of reversed-phased (RP) columns designed for retaining and separating both polar and non-polar compounds. This new silica based packing material has excellent stability in acidic mobile phases and is fully compatible with 100% aqueous mobile phases. With Atlantis dC₁₈ Columns, direct scale-up from analytical to preparative dimensions is simple. To demonstrate the utility of Atlantis dC₁₈ Columns, we separated and purified three mixtures of polar compounds. Our results indicate that Atlantis dC ₁₈ Preparative Columns provide excellent efficiency, high mass loading, and ease of scale-up.

Introduction

Separation and Purification of Highly Polar Pharmaceutical Compounds on a RPLC Column at Prep Scale: Are You Thinking about Atlantis dC₁₈? Chromatographers have often struggled with retaining polar compounds on traditional RP columns (e.g., C_{18} stationary phase). These columns are too hydrophobic to retain the polar analytes. Additionally, these traditional columns often dewet under the 100% aqueous conditions necessary for retaining these polar analytes. The Atlantis d C_{18} material was designed with the best combination of pore size, ligand density and ligand type to retain polar analytes and to operate in 100% aqueous conditions without dewetting. We have developed separations of polar mixtures on analytical dimension Atlantis d C_{18} Columns. We then scaled-up the separations to preparative dimensions to demonstrate the utility of these columns for compound purification.

Experimental

Analytical separations were performed on an Atlantis dC₁₈, 4.6 x 100 mm, 5 µm Column. Preparative separations were performed on an Atlantis dC₁₈, 19 x 100 mm, 5 µm Column. All experiments were conducted at ambient temperatures. The sample in Figure 1 is a mixture of 1 mg/mL each of sulphanilamide, sulphathiazole, sulphamethazine and sulphamethoxazale prepared in deionized (DI) water. The sample in Figure 2 is a mixture of pyrodoxal, folic acid and caffeine at 1, 0.25 and 1 mg/mL, respectively, in DI water with 0.2% ammonia to increase the solubility of folic acid. The sample in Figure 3 is a mixture of cinoxacin, oxolinic acid and nalidixic acid at 5, 0.5 and 1 mg/mL, respectively, dissolved in DMSO. The mobile phase consisted of A: water with 0.1% formic acid, and B: acetonitrile/water (90/10) with 0.1% formic acid. 0.1% TFA was used in place of formic acid for the separation in Figure 2. Gradient methodology for each separation example is listed in each figure caption. The flow rate was 1.0 mL/min for the 4.6 mm i.d. column and 17.06 mL/min for the 19 mm I.D. column. All experiments were run on the Waters AutoPurification System, which consists of a Waters 2525 Binary Gradient Module, a Waters 2767 Sample Manager, a Waters 2996 Photodiode Array Detector and a Waters ZQ Mass Spectrometer.



Figure 1. Separations of sulphonamides on analytical and preparative Atlantis dC₁₈ Columns. A) Atlantis dC₁₈ 4.6 x 100 mm, 5 μ m analytical column. Gradient conditions: 1 min hold at 85% A, 85% to 70% A in 1 min, and 70% to 30% A in 10 min for a total gradient time of 12 min. Injection volume: 70 μ L. B) Atlantis dC₁₈ 19 x 100 mm, 5 μ m preparative column. Gradient conditions: 3.02 min hold at 85% A, 85% to 70% A in 1 min, and 70% to 30% A in 10 min for a total gradient time of 14.02 min. Injection volume: 1200 μ L. Analytes in order of elution: sulphanilamide, sulphathiazole, sulphamethazine and sulphamethoxazale. Detection: UV at 280 nm.



Figure 2. Water-soluble vitamin separations on Atlantis dC_{18} analytical and preparative columns. A) Atlantis dC_{18} 4.6 x 100 mm, 5 µm analytical column. Gradient conditions: 1 min hold at 100% A, 100% to 80% A in 5 min, and 80% to 60% A in 10 min for a total gradient time of 16 min. Injection volume: 32 µL. B) Atlantis dC_{18} 19 x 100 mm, 5 µm preparative column. Gradient conditions: 2.53 min hold at 100% A, 100% to 80% A in 5 min, and 80% to 60% A in 10 min for a total gradient time of 17.53 min. Injection volume: 550 µL. Analytes in order of elution: pyrodoxal, folic acid and caffeine. Detection: UV at 280 nm.

Results and Discussion

The retention and separation of the sulphonamides on the analytical column is shown in Figure 1A. The total load is 280 µg and the flattened profiles reflect the saturation of the PDA detector. The mass load was proportionally scaled-up and run on the preparative column as shown in Figure 1B. Note the direct scale-up, excellent peak

shapes and total mass load of 4800 $\mu\text{g}.$

The retention and separation of pyrodoxal, folic acid and caffeine on the analytical column is shown in Figure 2A. The total load in this experiment is 72 µg. The mass load was proportionally scaled-up and run on the preparative column as shown in Figure 2B. Again, note the direct scale up, excellent peak shapes and total mass load of 1237.5 µg.

The final mixture was run directly on the preparative column and is shown in Figure 3. For this set of analytes, we achieved a total load of 11.7 mg.



Figure 3. Separation of nalidixic acid antibiotics on an Atlantis dC_{18} 19 x 100 mm, 5 μ m preparative Column. Gradient conditions: 4.02 min hold at 80% A, 80% to 40% A in 10 min for a total gradient time of 14.02 min. Injection volume: 1800 μ L. Analytes in order of elution: cinoxacin, oxolinic acid, and nalidixic acid. Detection: UV at 300 nm.

Conclusion

Atlantis dC_{18} RPLC Columns are useful tools for retaining and separating polar compounds under highly aqueous mobile phase conditions. Since Atlantis dC_{18} Columns are fully LC–MS compatible, they can be used in a massdirected chromatographic purification system. Atlantis dC_{18} Preparative Columns provide excellent efficiency, high mass loading, and ease of scale-up.

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